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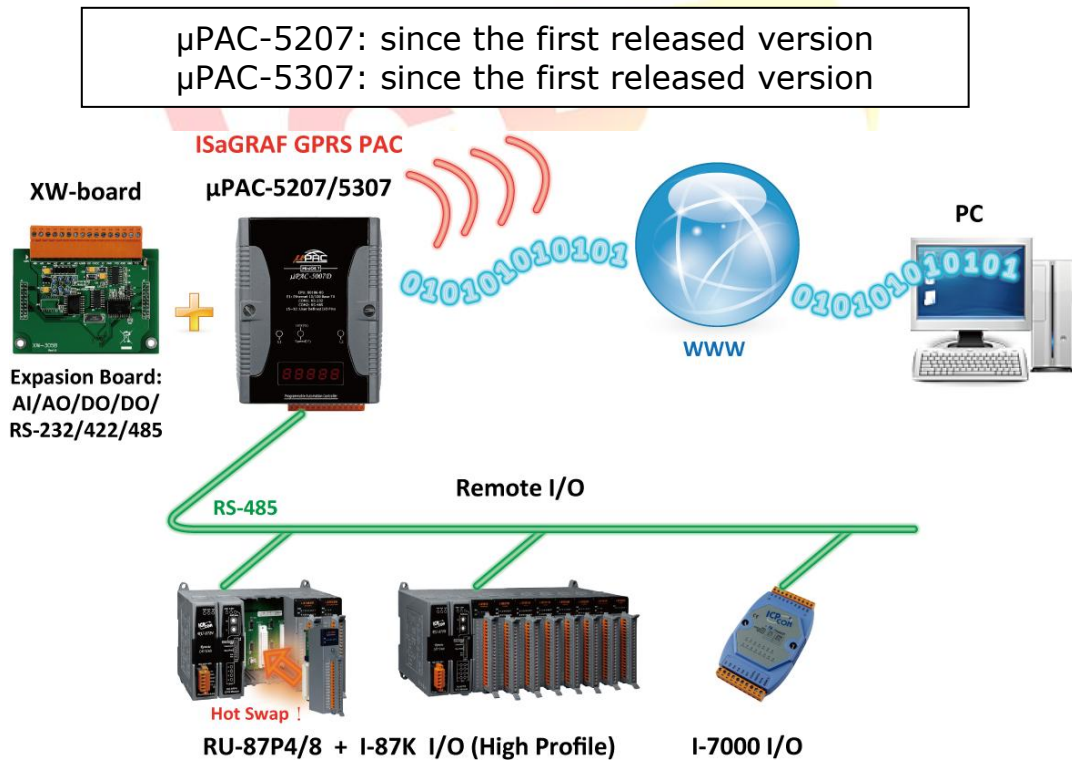
How to connect to remote server and send network package via GPRS with μ PAC-5000 series?

- **Application introduction :**

Program an ISaGRAF project using a built-in GSM controller to send data from the battery backup SRAM via GPRS to a remote server PC and show the data on the PC.

Note : In this demo case, the PC must have a public IP.

The following versions of the ISaGRAF GSM PACs support to send the network package to the remote server via GPRS.



Get this paper and demo programs :

<http://www.icpdas.com/faq/isagraf.htm> > FAQ-137

Get the new ISaGRAF drivers :

<http://www.icpdas.com/products/PAC/i-8000/isagraf-link.htm>

Get Data Sheet :

<http://www.icpdas.com/products/PAC/i-8000/data%20sheet/data%20sheet.htm>

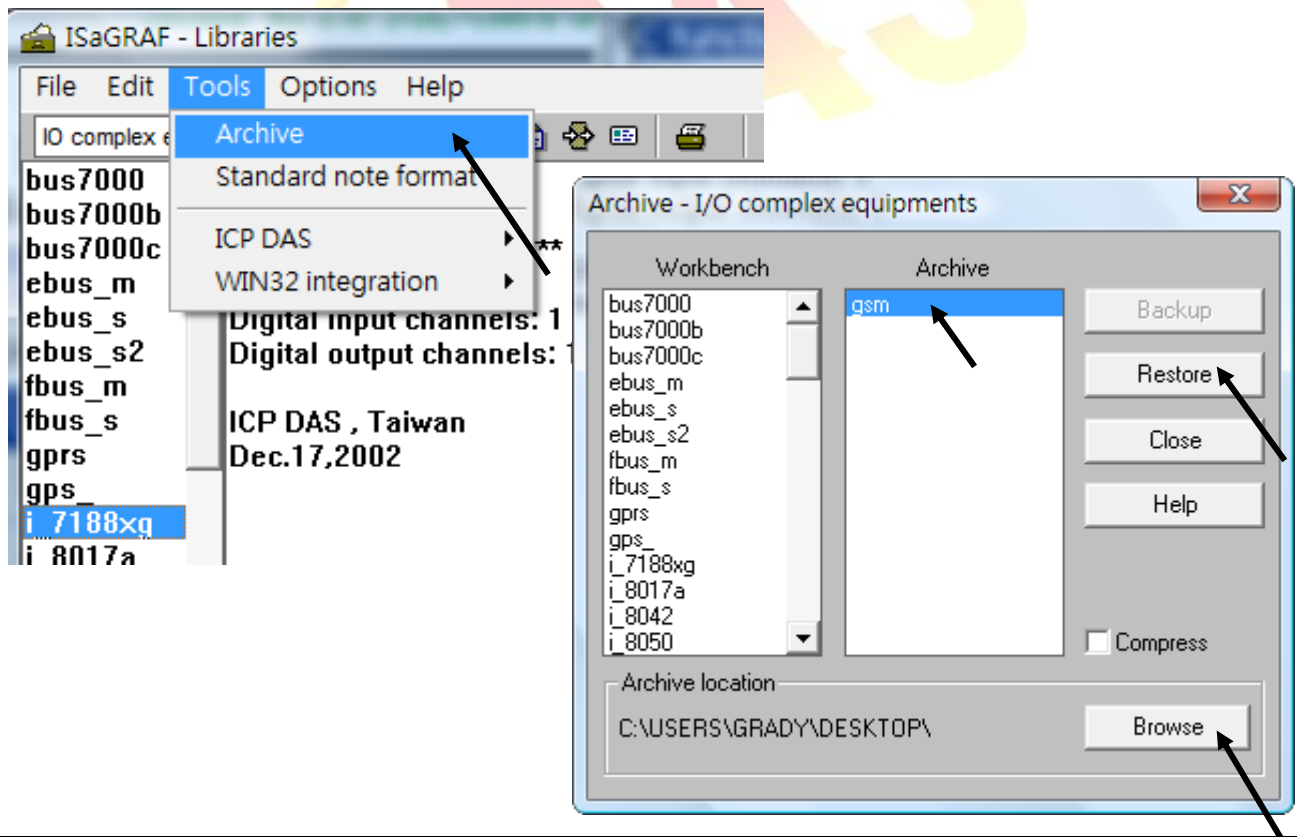
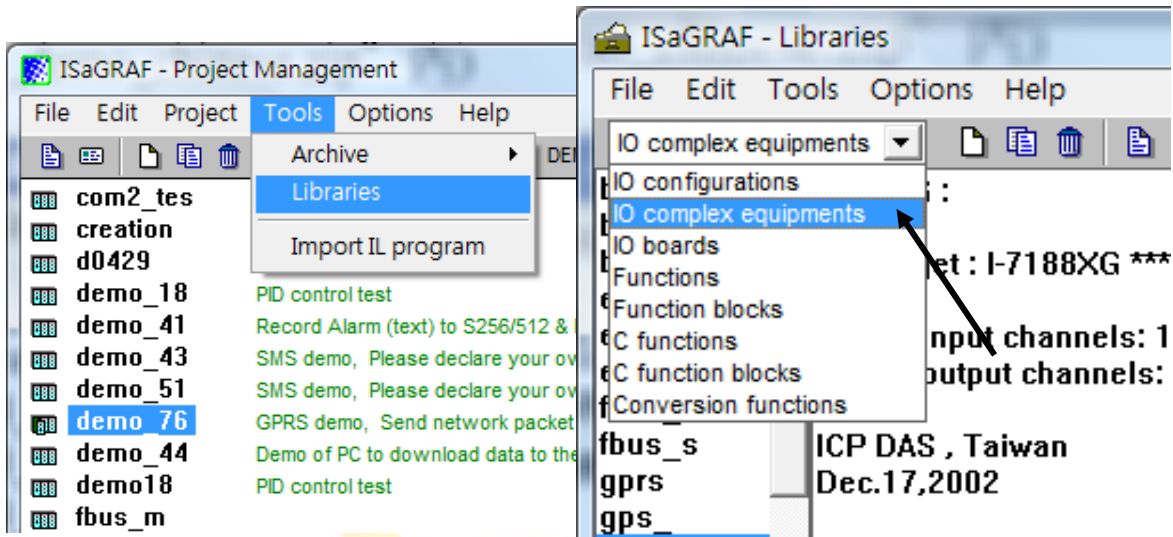
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1.1 Restore the "GSM" and demo programs to the PC / ISaGRAF

● Restore the "GSM.xia" :

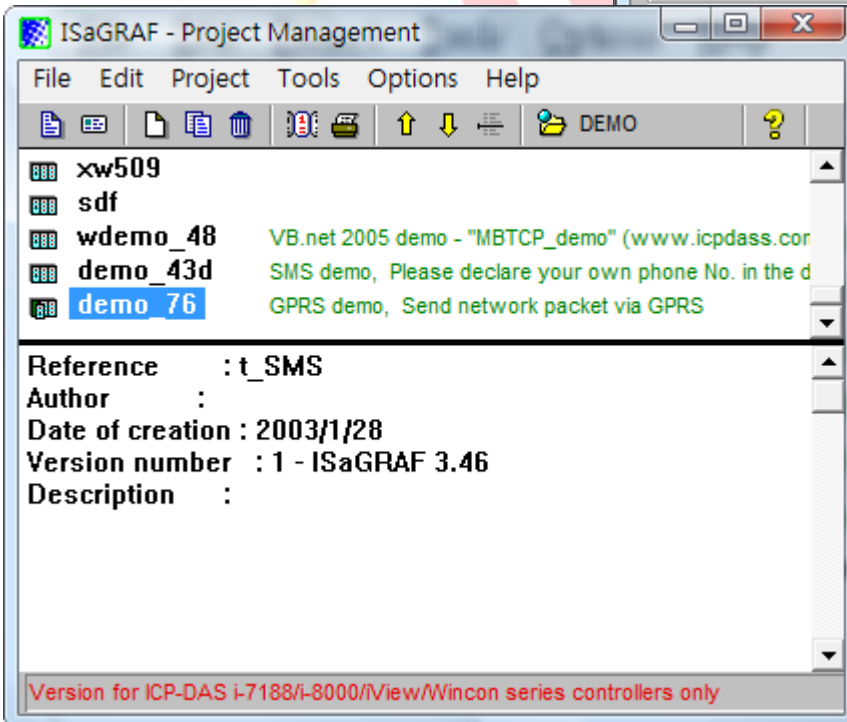
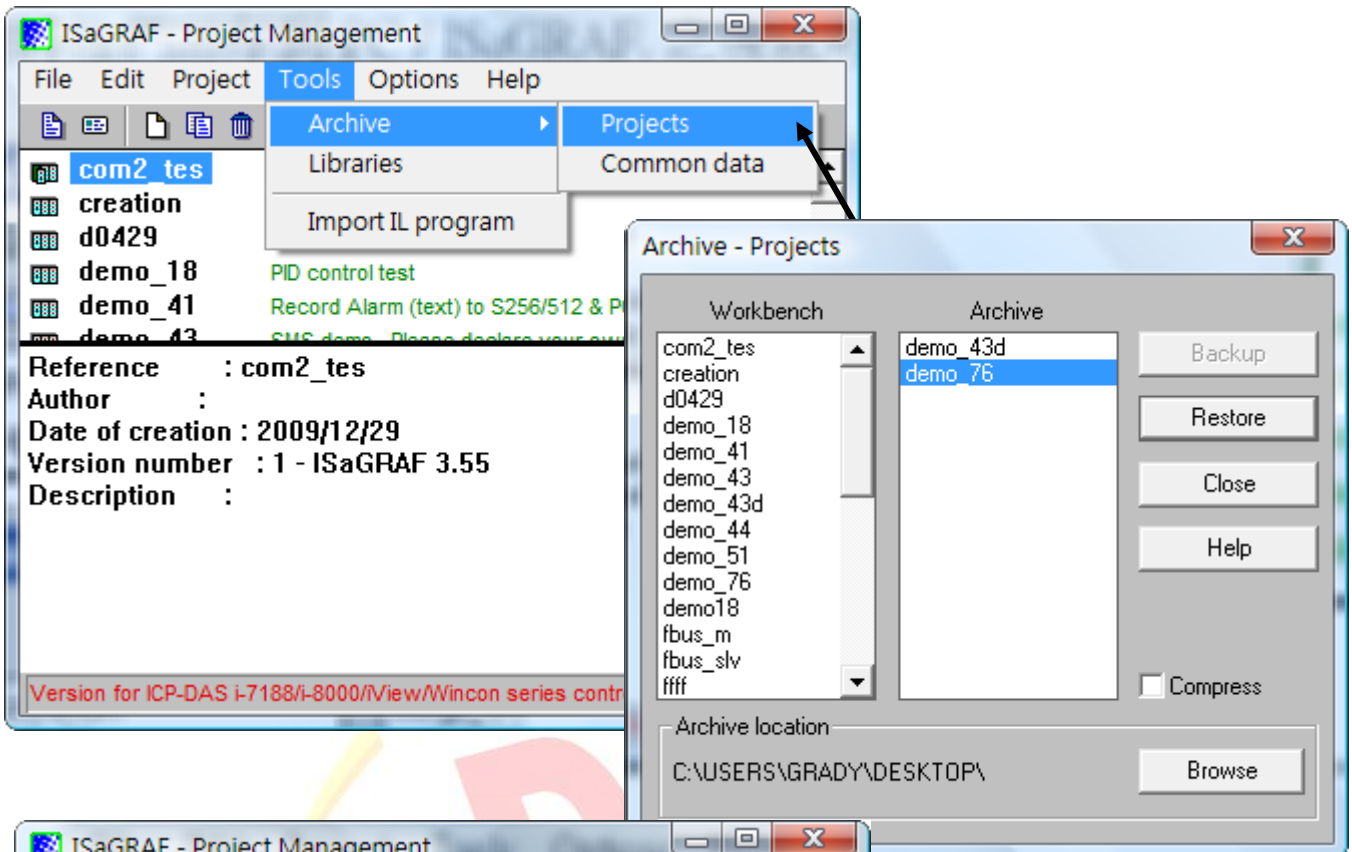
To write a program to communicate with the remote server, first restore the ISaGRAF I/O complex equipments "GSM.xia" to the PC/ISaGRAF.

The "GSM.xia" is inside the "faq137_demo.zip" which is downloaded from <http://www.icpdas.com/faq/isagraf.htm> > FAQ-137.



● **Restore the demo programs :**

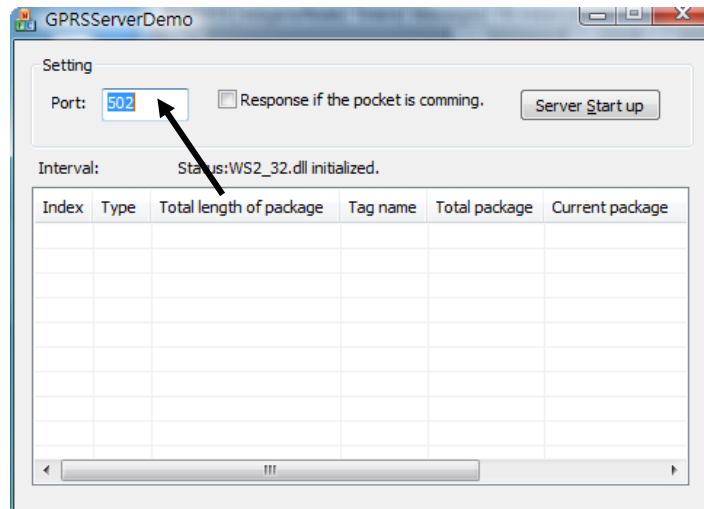
The "faq137_demo.zip" contains the demo project "Demo_76.pia". Please restore it to the PC/ISaGRAF. Then user can refer to it easily.



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1.2 How to test this demo:

1. This demo contains an ISaGRAF project and a program running on the PC.
2. Execute the demo program "GPRSServerDemo" in the PC. Set up the server port number and click on the "Server start up" button, then this program will show the received network package.



Note : The PC running the program "GPRSServerDemo" must have a public IP, or the μ PAC-5000 PAC cannot connect to the PC via GPRS.

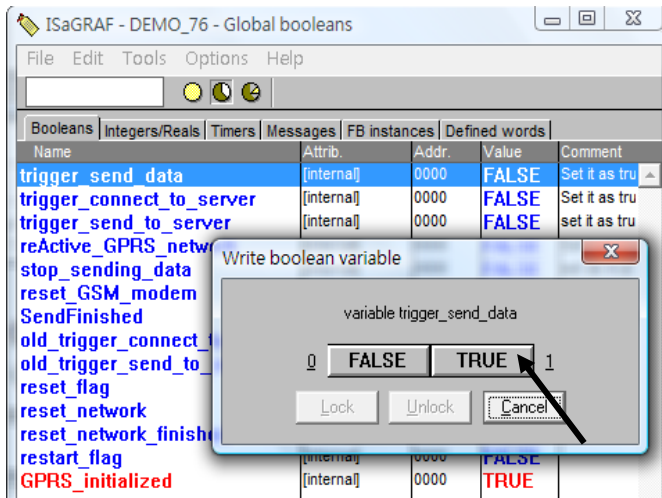
3. Please refer to the section 1.1 to restore "GSM.xia" and ISaGRAF demo project to PC/ISaGRAF.
4. Plug the SIM card in the μ PAC-5207 or μ PAC-5307 controller.

Note : This demo will use the GPRS function, please contact your TEL network provider to obtain the GPRS or 3G service.

5. Compile the ISaGRAF project, and download it to μ PAC-5207 or μ PAC-5307 controller.

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6. Set the variable "trigger_send_data" in the dictionary to "true", and wait the built-in GSM module to initialize, then the PAC will send the data from battery backup SRAM to the remote server one by one via GPRS service.



The execution file, "GPRSServerDemo.exe", and the source code can be downloaded from www.icpdas.com > [FAQ](#) > [Software](#) > [ISaGRAF Ver.3\(English\)](#) > 137

If you want to modify the source code, please make sure the Visual Studio .net 2008 or 2005 has been installed in your PC. Then double click on the file "GPRSServerDemo.sln" in the folder "GPRSServerDemo" to open it.

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1.3 GSM I/O board :

There are 5 sub-boards in the GSM I/O board:

1. GSM_set
2. NET_reg
3. IP
4. Sock_set
5. Sock_sts

Description of the sub-boards:

GSM_set: Initialize the connecting GSM module and get the current state

Parameters :

Com_port:

Open the COM port which is connecting with the GSM module.

Usage:

0: Open COM0 (If the PAC is built-in GSM, please open COM0.)

1: Open COM1

PIN_code:

If the SIM card is locked, set the PIN code. If it is not locked, please set as blank.

Usage:

If the PIN code is 0000, please enter 0000

I/O:

Ch1: Error code. If there's error for operating the GSM module, it returns an error code.

The error code is as following.

- 1 : Operation success
- 2 : Operation failed
- 3 : No response from the GSM module
- 4 : SIM card is not inserted
- 5 : SIM card is locked
- 6 : Require the PIN code to unlock the SIM card
- 7 : Incorrect PIN code

Ch2: Signal strength

2 ~ 30: Normal signal strength

99: No signal

Ch3: The state of the SIM card

0: SIM card is not inserted or required the PIN code to unlock.

1: SIM card is inserted and unlocked.

Ch4: The state of the GSM module

0: GSM module is not initialized

1: GSM module is initialized.

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NET_reg : Set GPRS/DNS, and get the error code of the GPRS service.

Parameter:

APN_1, APN_2 :

APN: Access Point Name. Please contact your SIM card provider to obtain the APN.
If the APN is less than 15 characters, enter it as following.

Usage: For example, the APN is "internet"

APN_1: internet

APN_2: blank, don't enter any character.

If the APN is more than 15 characters, enter it as following.

Usage: For example, the APN is "internet.mnc012.mcc345.gprs"

APN_1: internet.mnc012 ←enter ONLY 15 characters

APN_2: .mcc345.gprs ←enter from the 16th character

usr_name : User name for log in

pass_word: Password for log in

If controller connects to remote server with the domain name, please enter the DNS:

DNS1_ip : Primary DNS IP

DNS2_ip : Secondary DNS IP

I/O:

Ch1 : Error code. It shows what happens during operating GPRS service.

1 : Operation success

9 : Invalid network setting

10 : Fail to register the network

11 : Fail to get IP address

12 : Invalid IP or domain name of the remote server

13 : Connect success

14 : Connect failed

15 : GPRS service not initialized

16 : Invalid socket type

17 : Connection is not established or disconnect

18 : Fail to send package

19 : the length of package is too long

20 : Success to disable GPRS service

21 : Fail to disable GPRS service

22 : Fail to set DNS

23 : Battery Backup SRAM is not found

24 : Internal communication timeout

Ch2 : The state of GPRS service

0: GPRS service is not initialized

1: GPRS service is initialized

IP :

I/O:

Ch1 : Get the public IP from network provider after the GPRS service initializing.

Sock_set : the socket setting

Parameter:

Sock_type:

0 : TCP socket

1 : UDP socket

header_tag: Valid only when Protocol_type is 1.

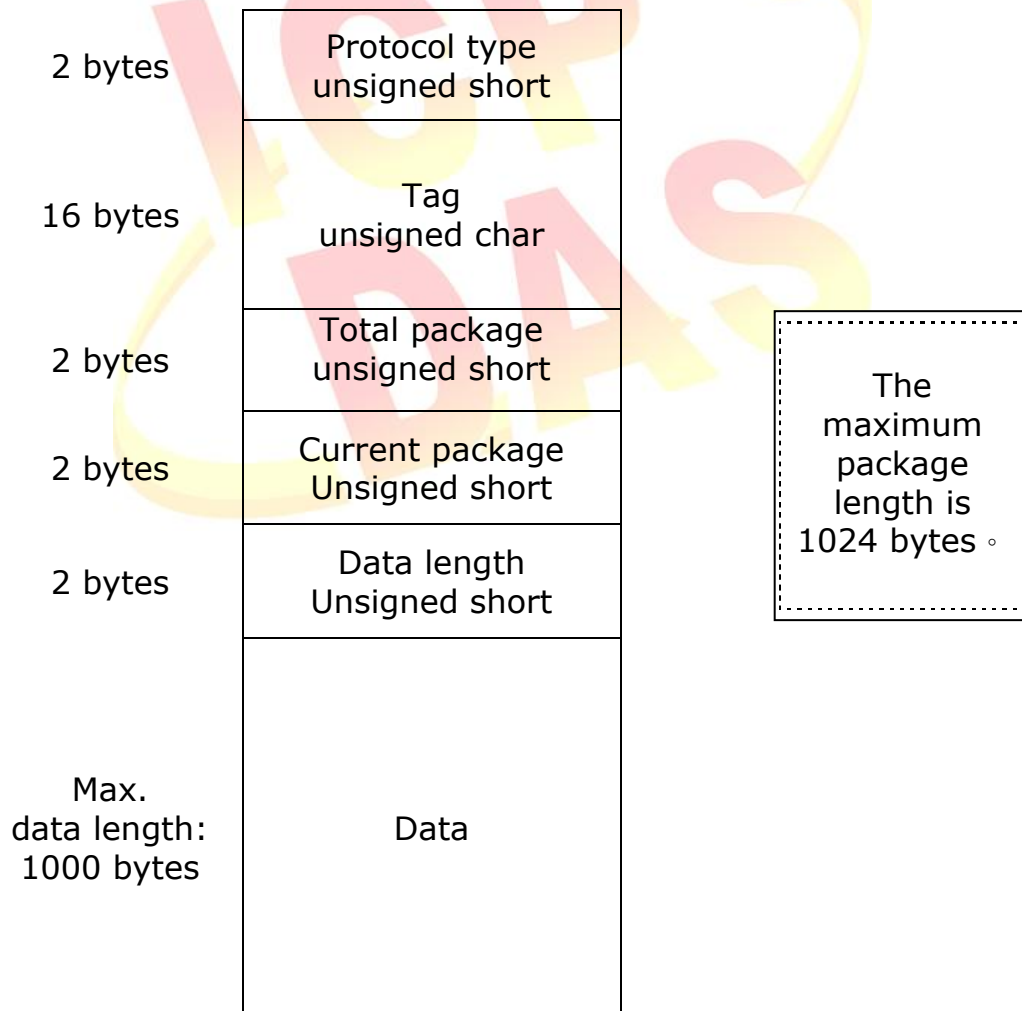
A string less than 15 characters

To identify the package which controller sent in the remote server

Protocol_type :

0 : Raw data

1 : built-in protocol It is defined as following:



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ServerIP_Domain1, ServerIP_Domain2 : The IP or domain name of remote server

If you use the IP of remote server, please enter it as following

Usage : For example, the IP of remote server is 110.26.81.1

ServerIP_Domain1 : 110.26.81.1

ServerIP_Domain2 : Blank, don't enter anything

If you use the domain name of remote server, please enter it as following.

Usage : Ex, the domain name of remote server is crocodileci.dyndns.org

ServerIP_Domain1: crocodileci.dyn ←Only enter the first 15 characters

ServerIP_Domain2: dns.org ←enter form 16th character

Note : If the connection is connected by Domain name, setting DNS is necessary.

Remote_port: the port number of the remote server

I/O:

Ch1: GPRS service command

0 : do nothing

1 : connect to the remote server

2 : send network package to the remote server

3 : disconnect with the remote server

4 : reactive GPRS service

8 : reset GSM module

Ch2: The start address of Battery backup SRAM to send the network package.

The valid value is between 0 and 0x7D000

Ch3: the length of data to send

When Protocol_type is 0, the maximum is 1024

When Protocaol_type is 1, the maximum is 1000

Ch4: the address of battery backup SRAM that to store the received package from the remote server.

The valid value is between 0 and 0x7d000

CH5: the length of received package that you want to store

The maximum is 1024.

Sock_sts :

I/O:

Ch1: the state of the socket

0 : The socket does not connect to remote server

1 : The socket has connected to remote server

Ch2: the number of packages that want to send

Ch3: the number of packages that have sent

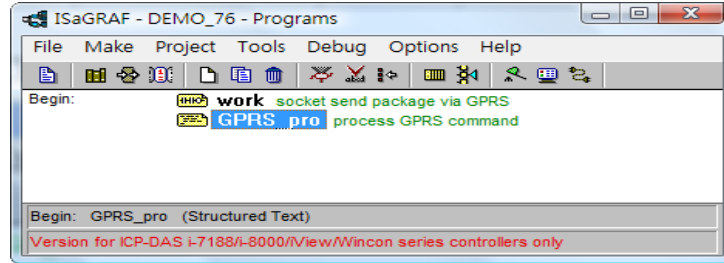
Ch4: the length of the sent package

Ch5: the length of the received package

1.4 Demo_73 – Send network package via GPRS service

- ISaGRAF Project Architecture :

Include one ST program (GPRS_pro) and one LD program(work).



- ISaGRAF Variables :

Name	Type	Attribute	Description
Step	Integer	Internal	Used to control the flow
GPRS_errno	Integer	Input	The error code of GPRS
GPRS_Network_Ready	Integer	Input	The state of GPRS.
Times	Integer	Internal	The number of packages that have sent during this connection
total_times	Integer	Internal	The number of all sent packages
Old_GPRS_Network_ready	Integer	Internal	Store the values of cycle, GPRS_Network_ready
temp_errno	Integer	Internal	Store the value of GSM_errno for observing
GSM_errno	Integer	Input	The error code of GSM module
SignalQuality	Integer	Input	Signal strength
Sim_Pin_Ready	Integer	Input	The state of SIM card
GSM_Call_Ready	Integer	Input	The state of GSM module
GPRS_Sock_Command	Integer	Output	GPRS socket command
Send_position_from_sram	Integer	Output	Give the SRAM address to send data to remote server
Send_data_length	Integer	Output	The length of data
Receive_position_to_sram	Integer	Output	Give the SRAM address to store the received package
GPRS_Socket_Connected	Integer	Input	The state of socket. 1: connect to remote server

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Name	Type	Attribute	Description
total_send_package_num	Integer	Input	The total number of packages want to send
already_sent_package_num	Integer	Input	The number of sent package
Sent_data_length	Integer	Input	The length of sent package
Received_data_length	Integer	Internal	The length of received package
trigger_send_data	Boolean	Internal	If "True", trigger to send package to remote server
trigger_connect_to_server	Boolean	Internal	If "true", trigger to connect to remote server
reActive_GPRS_network	Boolean	Internal	Re-initialize the GPRS service
stop_sending_data	Boolean	Internal	Stop sending network package
reset_GSM_modem	Boolean	Internal	Reset the GSM module
SendFinished	Boolean	internal	The flag to recognize whether the package is sent
old_trigger_connect_to_server	Boolean	Internal	Store the state of trigger_connect_to_server
old_trigger_send_to_server	Boolean	Internal	Store the state of trigger_send_to_server
reset_flag	Boolean	Internal	
reset_network	Boolean	Internal	
reset_network_finished	Boolean	Internal	
resetart_flag	Boolean	Internal	
Local_IP	Message	internal	Get the IP address from network provider when GPRS service initialized

● **IO Connection :**

GSM_set:

Enter the COM port that connects with GSM PAC. If the PAC is built-in the GSM function, please enter 0.

If SIM card is locked, please enter the PIN code. If SIM card is unlocked, set this column as blank

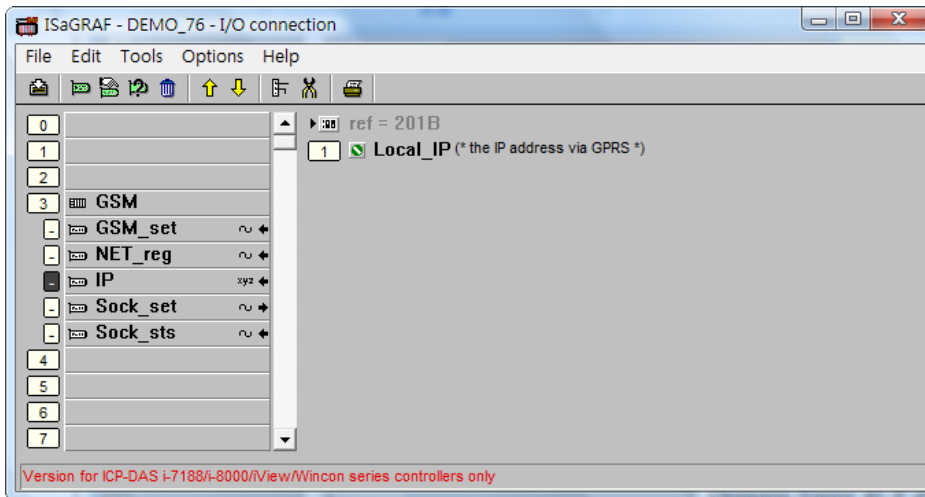
NET_set :

APN_1, APN2: Contact your network provider to get the APN, for example, fill in the APN “internet”.
If the length of APN is more than 15 characters, please enter from the 16th character of APN in APN2.

usr_name, pass_word : Contact your network provider to get the user name and password for GPRS service. If it does not need user name and password, please set them as blank.

DNS1_ip, DNS2_ip: If the connection to remote server is using domain name, the DNS setting is necessary.

IP :



Sock_set :

Sock_type :

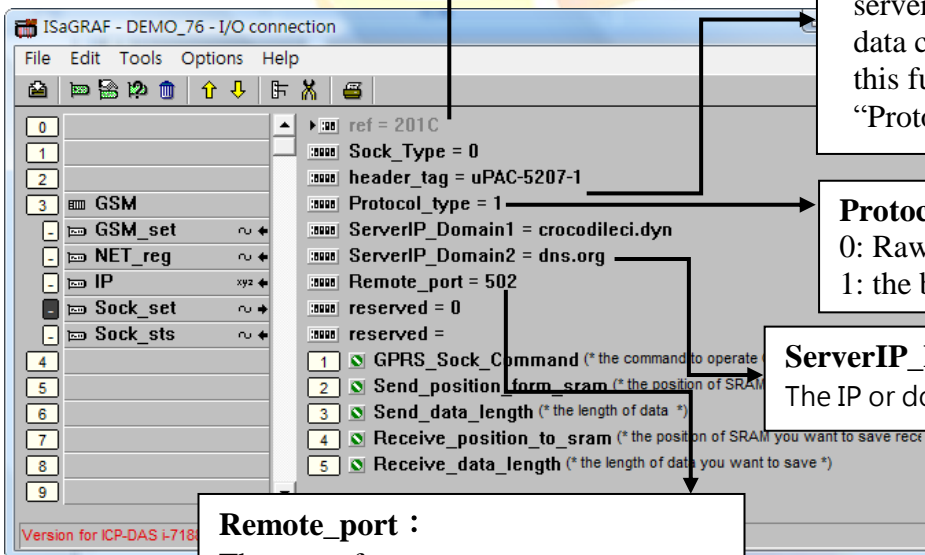
If it is set as 1, use UDP socket.
If it is set as 0, use TCP socket

header_tag : The maximum of length is 15 characters. It let the remote server to identify which controller the data come from. If you want to use this function, the variable "Protocol_type" must be set as 1.

Protocol_type:
0: Raw data
1: the built-in protocol with header

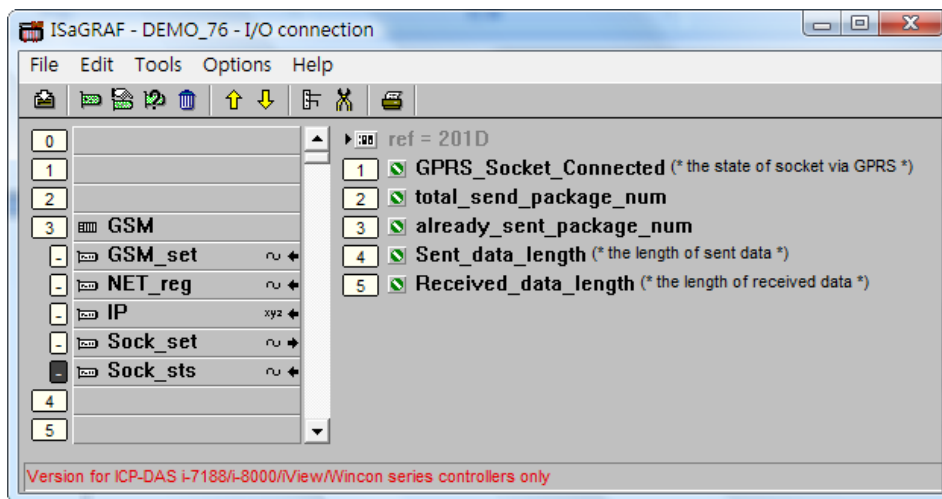
ServerIP_Domain1,ServerIP_Domain2:
The IP or domain name of remote server

Remote_port :
The port of remote server



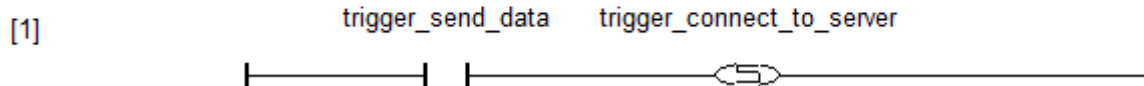
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Sock_sts:

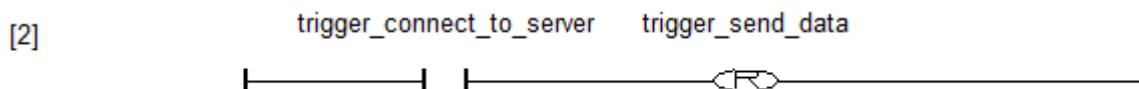


Work Program Description :

(* trigger to send data. If the value of trigger_send_data is true, it will set trigger_connect_to_server as true *)



(* When the value of trigger_connect_to_server is true, set "trigger_send_data" as false.
set "trigger_send_dat" as true once *)



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GPRS_pro program :

```

(* if trigger_connect_to_server is true, GPRS module will connect to Remote Server *)
if trigger_connect_to_server then

case step of
  0:
    (* First step: If the socket is already connected, trigger to send *)
    (* package to server, or set GPRS_sock_command as 1 to *)
    (* connect remote server, and then go to the next step *)
    if GPRS_Network_Ready = 1 then
      if GPRS_Socket_Connected = 1 then
        trigger_connect_to_server := false;
        trigger_send_to_server := true;
      else
        GPRS_Sock_Command := 1;
        step := 1;
      end_if;
    else
      (* If GPRS service is not initialized, set the variable "reactive_GPRS_network" as true *)
      reactive_GPRS_network := true;
      old_trigger_connect_to_server := trigger_connect_to_server;
      old_trigger_send_to_server := trigger_send_to_server;
      trigger_connect_to_server := false;
      trigger_send_to_server := false;
    end_if;
  1:
    (* Second step: Get the value of GPRS_errno to check the result of operation. *)
    (*          GPRS_errno is always 0 until the operation is finished.          *)
    case GPRS_errno of
      0:
      1:
        (* The operation is success, go to next step *)
        step := 2;
      -15:
        (* GPRS network is not ready *)
        step := 0;
        trigger_connect_to_server := false;
    else
      (* If get the others set GPRS_Sock_Command as 1, try to connect again *)
      GPRS_Sock_Command := 1;
    end_case;
end_if;

```


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2:

(* The operation is finished and success. *)
 (* Set trigger_send_to_server as true to send package to remote server *)

if GPRS_Socket_Connected = 1 then

 step := 0;
 GPRS_Sock_Command := 0;
 trigger_connect_to_server := false;
 trigger_send_to_server := true;
 times := 0;

 end_if;

end_case;

(* If the variable "trigger_send_to_server" is set as true *)

(* Do as following to send package *)

if trigger_send_to_server then

 case step of

 0:

 (* The first step: Check the socket is connected or not *)
 (* If it is not connected, set trigger_connect_to_server as true *)
 (* to try to connect remote server. *)
 (* If it is connected, set GPRS_Sock_Command as 2 to send *)
 (* package to remote server. And go to next step *)

 if GPRS_Socket_Connected = 0 then

 trigger_connect_to_server := true;
 trigger_send_to_server := false;

 times := 0;

 else

 GPRS_Sock_Command := 2;
 step := 1;

 end_if;

 1:

 (* Second step: Get the value of GPRS_errno to check the result of operation. *)
 (* GPRS_errno is always 0 until the operation is finished. *)

 case GPRS_errno of

 0:

 1:

 (* The operation is success, go to next step. *)
 (* Check if the data is valid, the valid value is between 0 to 0x7D000 *)
 (* Set the position as the next you want to send *)

 step := 2;

 if((Send_position_form_sram + Send_data_length) < 16#7D000) then

 Send_position_form_sram := Send_position_form_sram + Send_data_length;

 else

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```

        Send_position_form_sram := 0;
    end_if;
-17:
    (* Connection is not established or disconnected. *)
    (* Go to next step. *)
    step := 2;
else
    (* If get the others set trigger_connect_to_server as true, *)
    (* try to connect again *)
    trigger_connect_to_server := true;
    trigger_send_to_server := false;
    step := 0;
end_case;
2:
    (* The operation is finished and success *)
    step := 0;
    trigger_send_to_server := false;
    (* Set the flag of SendFinished as true to identify that sending package is finished *)
    SendFinished := true;
end_case;
end_if;

(* Sending package is finished *)
if SendFinished then
    SendFinished := false;

    (* plus one to the counter *)
    total_times := total_times + 1;
    times := times + 1;

    (* If the flag "stop_sending_data" is not true, send the next package *)
    if NOT(stop_sending_data) then
        trigger_send_data := true;
    end_if;
end_if;

(* If the falg "reset_GSM_modem" is true, the GSM module will reset. *)
if reset_GSM_modem then
    reset_gsm_modem := false;

    (* reset all the variable as following *)
    step := 0;

```

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```
(* record the current state of trigger_connect_to_server and trigger_send_to_server *)
```

```
old_trigger_connect_to_server := trigger_connect_to_server;
```

```
old_trigger_send_to_server := trigger_send_to_server;
```

```
trigger_connect_to_server := false;
```

```
trigger_send_to_server := false;
```

```
(* set the variable "GPRS_Sock_Command" as 8 to reset the GSM module *)
```

```
GPRS_Sock_Command := 8;
```

```
(* Set the variable ""reset_flag as true to identify the GSM module is beginning to reset *)
```

```
reset_flag := true;
```

```
end_if;
```

```
(* Wait the GSM module to reset *)
```

```
(* When reset_flag is true and GPRS_Network_Ready is false, *)
```

```
(* the GSM module is resetting. *)
```

```
(* Set reset_network as true to identify the GSM module is resetting. *)
```

```
if reset_flag and GPRS_Network_Ready = 0 then
```

```
    reset_flag := false;
```

```
    reset_network := true;
```

```
end_if;
```

```
(* Wait the resetting is finished *)
```

```
(* If the flag "reset_network" is true and GPRS network is ready *)
```

```
(* Reactive GPRS network service again. *)
```

```
if reset_network and GPRS_Network_Ready = 1 then
```

```
    reset_network := false;
```

```
    reactive_GPRS_network := true;
```

```
end_if;
```

```
(* If the state of GPRS_Network_Ready is from 0 to 1 and resetting_GPRS_network is true, *)
```

```
(* set restart_flag as true to identify the operation of the GSM module resetting is success. *)
```

```
if Old_GPRS_Network_Ready = 0 and GPRS_Network_Ready = 1 then
```

```
    if resetting_GPRS_network then
```

```
        restart_flag := true;
```

```
    else
```

```
        GPRS_initialized := true;
```

```
    end_if;
```

```
end_if;
```

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```

(* After resetting GSM module, restore the state of trigger_conect_to_server and *)
(* trigger_send_to_server to continue sending package *)
if reset_network_finished and restart_flag then
  reset_network_finished := false;
  restart_flag := false;

  if old_trigger_connect_to_server or old_trigger_send_to_server then
    trigger_send_data := true;
  end_if;
end_if;

(* If the value of reActive_GPRS_network is true, *)
(* do as following to reactive GPRS network service *)
if reActive_GPRS_network then
  reActive_GPRS_network := false;

  (* reset all the flag about GPRS operation *)
  step := 0;
  trigger_connect_to_server := false;
  trigger_send_to_server := false;

  (* Set GPRS_Sock_Command as 4, then the GPRS network service will reactive *)
  GPRS_Sock_Command := 4;
  reset_network_finished := true;
end_if;

(* Save the value of GPRS_Network_Ready every cycle for comparing *)
Old_GPRS_Network_Ready := GPRS_Network_Ready;

(* Keep the value of GPRS_errno to observe easily*)
if GPRS_errno <> 0 then
  temp_errno := GPRS_errno;
end_if;

```