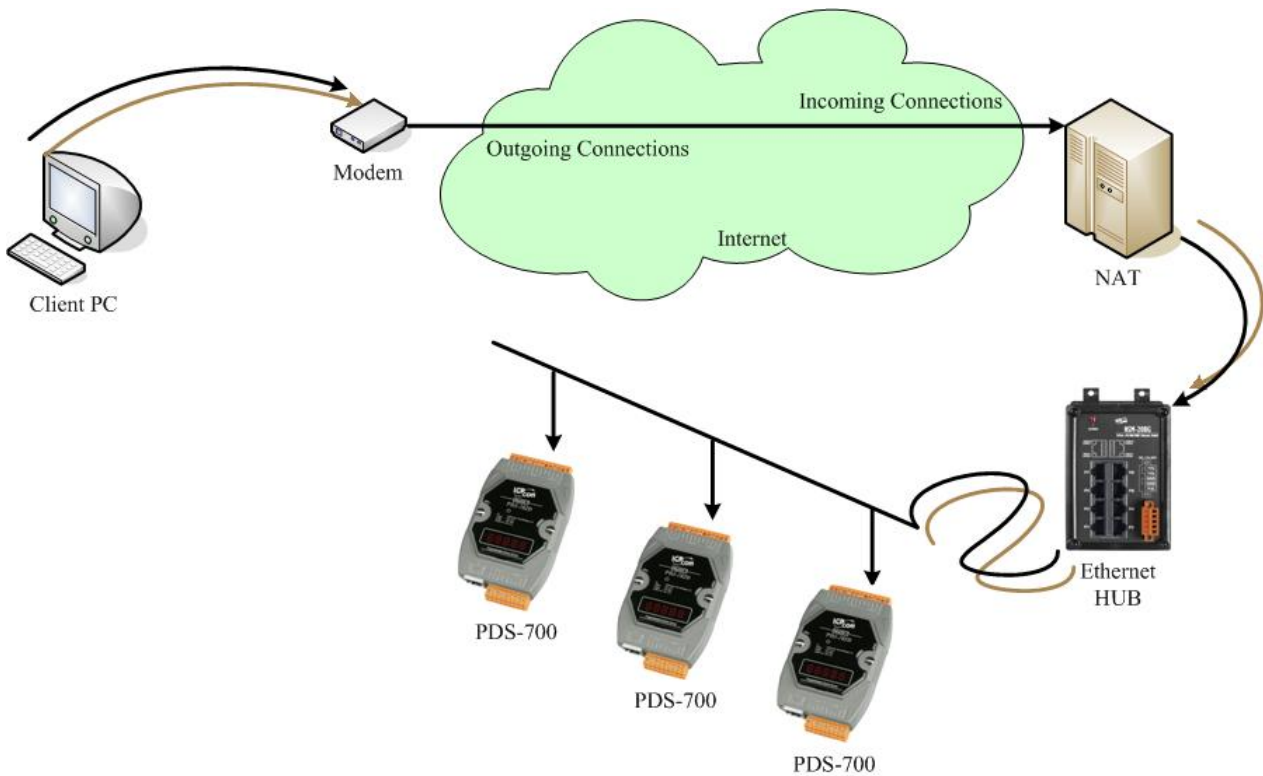


分類/Classification	<input type="checkbox"/> tDS	<input type="checkbox"/> tGW	<input type="checkbox"/> PETL/tET/tPET	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DS/PDS/PPDS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> tM-752N
	<input type="checkbox"/> I/O Card	<input type="checkbox"/> VXC Card	<input type="checkbox"/> VxComm	<input type="checkbox"/> Other	
作者/Author	Tammy	日期/Date	-	編號/NO.	FAQ-003

Q: How to access the remote PDS that placed behind an NAT or firewall?



The remote site must have a NAT (or a router supports NAT) server. NAT stands for Network Address Translator.

By using (configuring) the NAT server, NAT can forward (bypass) all specified TCP port connection to specified PDS devices.

For example:

NAT: 10000 ~ 10008 maps to 192.168.1.101: 10000 ~ 10008

NAT: 10010 ~ 10018 maps to 192.168.1.102: 10000 ~ 10008

Please note, if your NAT (router) built-in a firewall feature, you have to configure the NAT to allow incoming TCP port connections.

For example:

TCP port includes 10000 ~ 10008 and 10010 ~ 10018 of NAT.

In the VxComm Utility, you have to add PDS by using NAT's address and NAT's TCP ports instead of PDS's setting.

For example:

To add first PDS, it's IP: Port should be NAT: 10000.

To add second PDS, it's IP: Port should be NAT: 10010.