

# **LC-223 User Manual**

## **Warranty**

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# 1 Introduction

The LC-223 is an easy-to-use dimming ballast control module that can be easily installed and operated without requiring specialist knowledge or skills. The brightness of a fluorescent lamp can be controlled using a dimmer, either via digital input or a host controller. The digital input can be used to directly control the light value of the luminous flux in sequence from 10% to 100%, without the need for a remote host controller. 4 kV ESD protection and 2500 V<sub>DC</sub> intra-module isolation are also provided. When required, communication with the LC-223 is programmable based on the Modbus RTU protocol, with the added benefit that different addresses can be set via hardware configuration.

## 2 Hardware Information

### 2.1 IO Specifications

Analog Output		
Channels	1	
Type	0 to 20 mA, 4 to 20 mA, 0 to 10 V, 1 to 10 V	
Resolution	12-bit	
Accuracy	+/-0.1% of FSR	
DA Output Response Time	10 ms	
Voltage Output Capability	20 mA	
Current Load Resistance	450 Ω	
Digital Input		
Wet Contact Input Channels	1 for the Dimming Trigger	
Dry Contact Input Channels	2 for the Wall Switch Control	
Wet	On Voltage Level	80 V <sub>AC</sub> to 240 V <sub>AC</sub>
	Off Voltage Level	30 V <sub>AC</sub> Max.
Dry	On Voltage Level	Close to GND

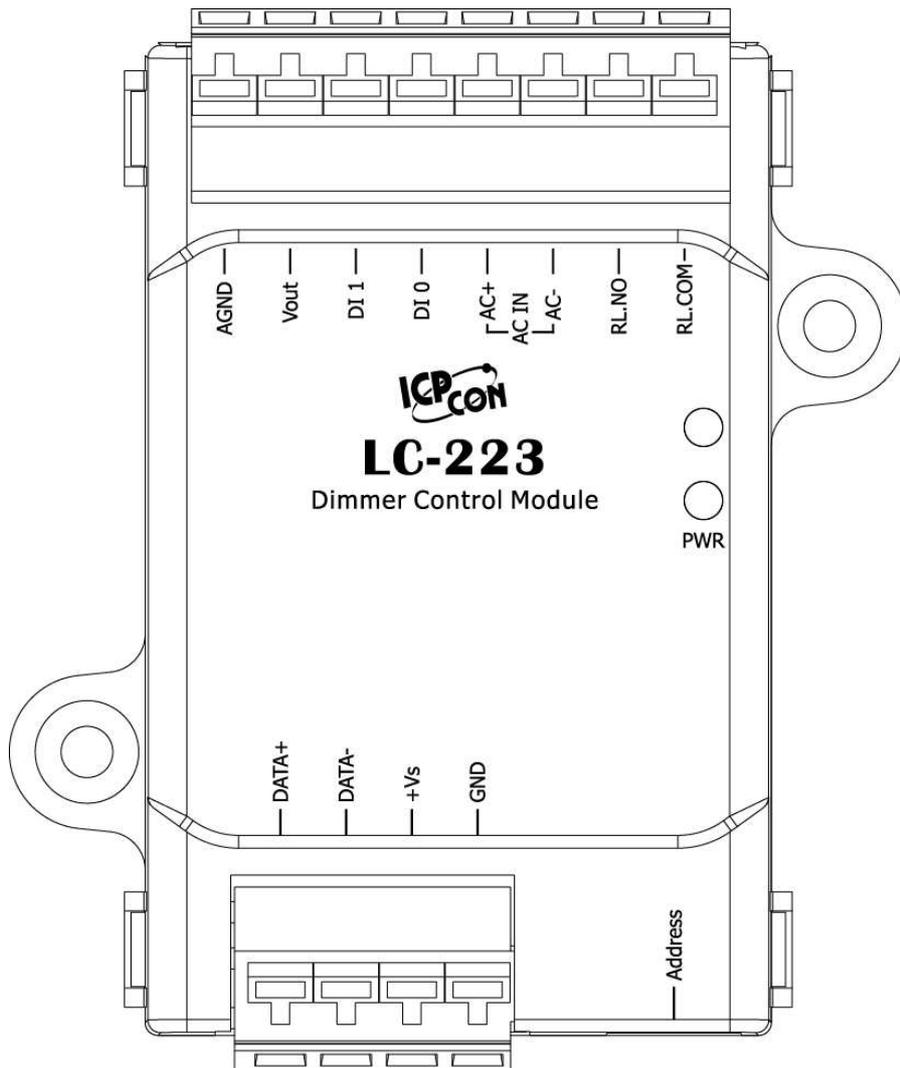
	Off Voltage Level	Open
<b>Relay Output</b>		
Channels	1	
Type	Power Relay, Form A (SPST N.O.)	
Operating Voltage	250 V <sub>AC</sub> or 30 V <sub>DC</sub>	
Max. Load Current	16 A (Res. Load)	
Operate Time	15 ms Max.	
Release Time	5 ms Max.	
Mechanical Endurance	10,000,000 ops.	
Electrical Endurance	50,000 ops.	
Power-on and Safe Values	Yes, Programmable	

## 2.2 System Specifications

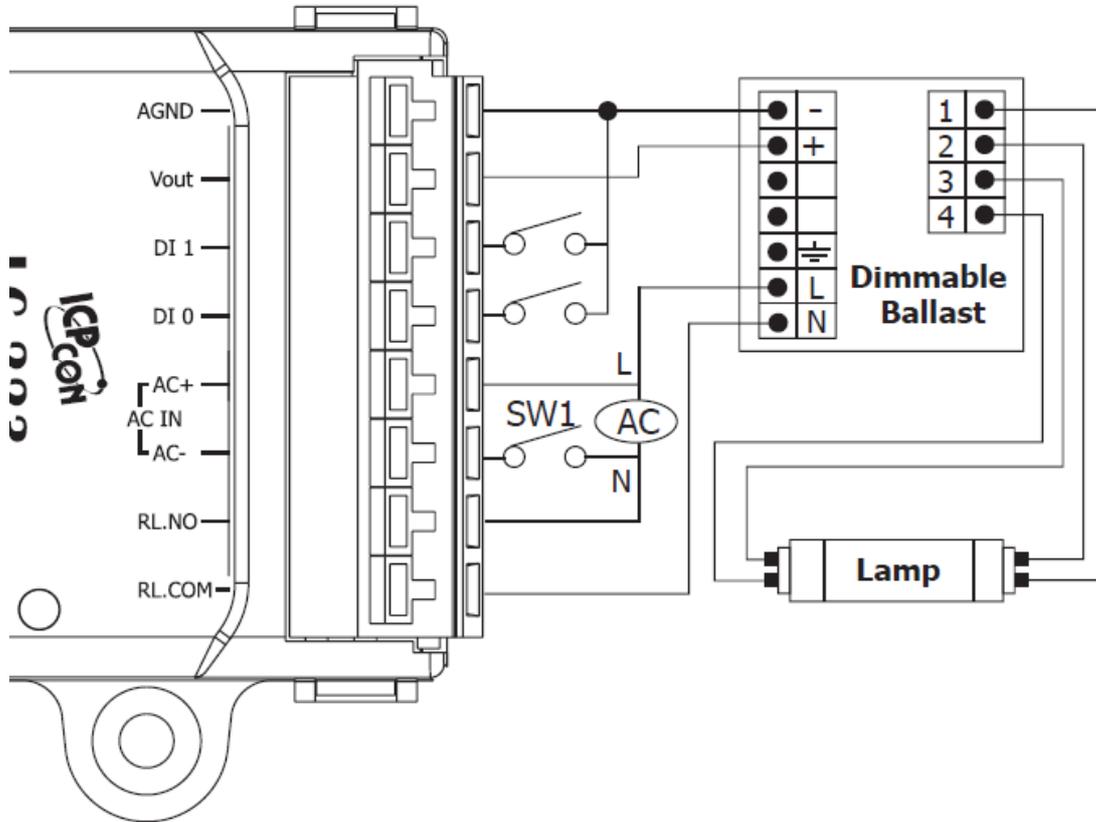
<b>Communication</b>	
Interface	RS-485
Format	N,8,1
Baud Rate	1200 to 115200 bps
Protocol	DCON , Modbus RTU
Node Addresses	64 to 95
<b>LED Indicators</b>	
Power	1 LED as Power Indicator
<b>Isolation</b>	
Intra-module Isolation, Field-to-Logic	2500 V <sub>DC</sub>
<b>EMS Protection</b>	
ESD (IEC 61000-4-2)	±4 kV Contact for Each Terminal ±4 kV Air for Random Point
EFT (IEC 61000-4-4)	±4 kV for Power
<b>Power</b>	
Reverse Polarity Protection	Yes
Powered from Terminal Block	Yes, 10 to 30 V <sub>DC</sub>
Consumption	1.4 W Max.
<b>Mechanical</b>	
Dimensions (W x L x H)	52 mm x 98 mm x 27 mm
Installation	Screw Mounting

Environment	
Operating Temperature	-25°C to +75°C
Storage Temperature	-30°C to +80°C
Humidity	10 to 95% RH, Non-condensing

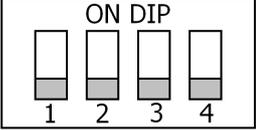
## 2.3 Pin Assignments



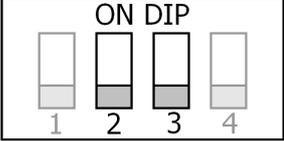
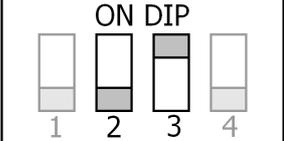
## 2.4 Wire Connections



## 2.5 DIP Switch and Jumper Settings

	1	Protocol	ON	DCON
			OFF	Modbus RTU
	2	Configuration	ON	By Software
			OFF	By Hardware
	3	Address	ON	Added by 16
			OFF	Added by 0
	4	INIT mode	ON	INIT
			OFF	Normal

### Address Settings via Hardware Configuration

		0 ~ F for Addresses 64 ~ 79 (Low Node Address)
		0 ~ F for Addresses 80 ~ 95 (High Node Address)

### Analog Output Settings via JP4

JP4	
Vout	Iout
	

## 3 Modbus Address Mapping

Address	Description	Attribute																				
30065	Analog output read back	R																				
30129	Counter value for digital input	R																				
40033	Analog output value	R/W																				
40097	Safe analog output value	R/W																				
40161	Action on falling edge of DI channel 1 and 2, 0 for relay off, 1 to 10 for 10% to 100% of dimming and relay on. Refer to Section 5 for details.	R/W																				
40193	Power-on analog output value	R/W																				
40289	Analog output slew rate	R/W																				
40417	Analog output type code	R/W																				
40481	Firmware version (low word)	R																				
40482	Firmware version (high word)	R																				
40483	Module name (low word)	R																				
40484	Module name (high word)	R																				
40485	Module address, valid range: 1 ~ 247	R/W																				
40486	Bits 5:0 Baud Rate, 0x03 ~ 0x0A <table border="1" data-bbox="411 1317 1082 1514"> <tbody> <tr> <td>Code</td> <td>0x03</td> <td>0x04</td> <td>0x05</td> <td>0x06</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Baud</td> <td>1200</td> <td>2400</td> <td>4800</td> <td>9600</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Code</td> <td>0x07</td> <td>0x08</td> <td>0x09</td> <td>0x0A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Baud</td> <td>19200</td> <td>38400</td> <td>57600</td> <td>115200</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> Bits 7:6 00: no parity, 1 stop bit 01: no parity, 2 stop bits 10: even parity, 1 stop bit 11: odd parity, 1 stop bit	Code	0x03	0x04	0x05	0x06	Baud	1200	2400	4800	9600	Code	0x07	0x08	0x09	0x0A	Baud	19200	38400	57600	115200	R/W
Code	0x03	0x04	0x05	0x06																		
Baud	1200	2400	4800	9600																		
Code	0x07	0x08	0x09	0x0A																		
Baud	19200	38400	57600	115200																		
40488	Modbus response delay time in ms, valid range: 0 ~ 30	R/W																				
40489	Host watchdog timeout value, 0 ~ 255, in 0.1s	R/W																				
40492	Host watchdog timeout count, write 0 to clear	R/W																				

<b>Address</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Attribute</b>
40494	Minimal voltage, 1 ~ 9 in volt.	R/W
40498	Digital filter time of DI channel 1 and 2 in ms, 3 ~ 255	R/W
10033 ~ 10035	Digital input value of channel 0 to 2	R
10065 ~ 10067	DI High latched values of channel 0 to 2	R
10073	DO High latched values	R
10097 ~ 10099	Low latched values of DI channel 0 to 2	R
10105	Low latched values of DO	R
00001	Digital output value of channel 0	R/W
00033 ~ 00035	Digital input value of channel 0 to 2	R
00065 ~ 00067	High latched values of DI channel 0 to 2	R
00073	High latched values of DO	R
00097 ~ 00099	Low latched values of DI channel 0 to 2	R
00105	Low latched values of DO	R
00129	Safe value of digital output channel 0	R/W
00161	Power on value of digital output channel 0	R/W
00193	Counter update trigger edge of channel 0	R/W
00257	Protocol, 0: DCON, 1: Modbus RTU	R/W
00258	0: Modbus RTU, 1: Modbus ASCII	R/W
00260	Modbus host watchdog mode 0: same as I-7000 1: can use AO and DO command to clear host watchdog timeout status	R/W
00261	1: enable, 0: disable host watchdog	R/W
00264	Write 1 to clear latched DIO	W

<b>Address</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Attribute</b>
00265	DI active state, 0: normal, 1: inverse Not available to DI channel 0.	R/W
00266	DO active state, 0: normal, 1:inverse	R/W
00268	Dimming control switch type, 0: push button type, 1: toggle type	R/W
00269	Modbus data format, 0: hex, 1: engineering	R/W
00270	Host watch dog timeout status, write 1 to clear host watch dog timeout status	R/W
00271	Select dimming control DI channel, 0 for channel 0, 1 for channel 2	R/W
00273	Reset status, 1: first read after powered on, 0: not the first read after powered on	R
00513 ~ 00515	Write 1 to clear counter value of channel 0 to 2	W

## 4 Type Codes

Type Code	Output Range	Data Format	Max	Min
0	0 ~ 20 mA	Engineering	20000	0
		Hexadecimal	FFFFh	0000h
1	4 ~ 20 mA	Engineering	20000	4000
		Hexadecimal	FFFFh	0000h
2	0 ~ 10 V	Engineering	10000	0
		Hexadecimal	FFFFh	0000h
4	0 ~ 5 V	Engineering	5000	0
		Hexadecimal	FFFFh	0000h
7*1	1 ~ 10 V	Engineering	10000	1000
		Hexadecimal	FFFFh	0000h

## 5 Function Descriptions

DI channel 0 or DI channel 2 can be used for dimming control. The Modbus register 00271 is used to specify which channel is used for dimming control.

If the DI channel 0 is used for dimming control, then both DI channel 1 and DI channel 2 can be used to turn the light on or off. In this case, when the state of one of the DI channel 1 and DI channel 2 is changed from off to the on state, the light is turned on to the previous dimming state. When the state of one of the DI channel 1 and DI channel 2 is changed from on to the off state and the other DI channel is at the off state, the light is changed to the state specified by the Modbus register 40161. If the other DI channel is at the on state, then the light is not changed.

If the DI channel 2 is used for dimming control, then DI channel is of no use and DI channel 1 is used to turn the light on or off. In this case, when the state of the DI channel 1 is changed from off to the on state, the light is turned on to the previous dimming state. When the state of the DI channel 1 is changed from on to the off state, the light is changed to the state specified by the Modbus register 40161.

The dimming control switch type can be push button type or toggle type, as specified by Modbus register 00268.

For push button type, the dimming control is operated as follows.

- If the switch is pressed for less than one second, then the switch is considered to be a normal switch and is used to turn the light on or off.
- If the switch is pressed and remains pressed for longer than one second, then the switch is considered to be a dimmer controller that can be used to adjust the brightness of the light.
- The dimming control process can be ended at any time by releasing the switch. The next time the switch is pressed, dimming control will begin from the exact position of the last break is control.
- The dimming control is cyclic, meaning that once the brightness control reaches its maximum position(100%), the next control action will begin to decrease the brightness value. Similarly, once the brightness control reaches its minimum position(10%), the next control action will begin to increase the brightness.

For toggle type, the dimming control is operated as follows

- Normally, the on or off of the switch is used to turn the light on or off.
- When the switch is off for less than one second, then the on state of the switch is considered to be a dimmer controller that can be used to adjust the brightness of the light.
- The dimming control process can be ended at any time by turning off the switch. The next time the switch is turned on after a short off time, dimming control will begin from the exact position of the last break is control.
- The dimming control is cyclic, meaning that once the brightness control reaches its maximum position (100%), the next control action will begin to decrease the brightness value. Similarly, once the brightness control reaches its minimum position (10%), the next control action will begin to increase the brightness.

